

SOLVES PROBLEMS PEACEFULLY

What is this quality “Solves Problems Peacefully”?

Learning to solve problems peacefully involves many social and emotional skills and is strongly linked to the quality of **getting along with others**. Managing conflict effectively is about creating an atmosphere where violence and aggression are not likely. This is not about avoiding conflict entirely (that is not possible!), or being compliant, disengaged or coerced into behaving a certain way. Solving problems peacefully means using empathy, problem-solving skills, understanding other points of view and actively coming up with strategies to make things right in a fair way while respecting others and themselves.

What does solving problems peacefully look like?

A child who has this quality is usually able to create an atmosphere of safety. They are able to put themselves in someone else’s shoes and they are able to manage their emotions. All children encounter challenging situations but children with this quality are usually able to problem solve peacefully and demonstrate respect for others. They do not start physical fights, bully, they are not mean to others and they do not laugh at other children’s discomfort. They can also listen attentively.

The strategies that children and youth use to resolve conflict change as they grow up. Stages of brain development are highly influential to both how children approach conflict and to the kinds of support adults can offer to build skills.

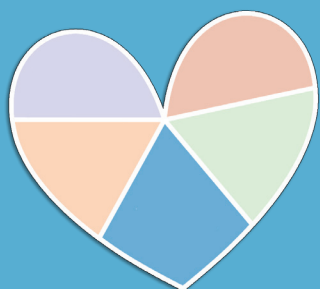
What does it look like when this quality is diminished?

Conflict can be a stressor for children and may lead to depression, anxiety or aggression if they lack this quality. Children may behave in an aggressive way – getting into fights, being mean, taking things away from others or making fun of them. They have limited skills in managing conflict and have difficulty with empathy. Often, they see hostility in situations where there is none. Expressing compassion and trust towards others can be challenging.

Why is it useful/helpful to have this quality?

Children who are better able to solve problems, get along with others and create a positive atmosphere. Just as stress can be “contagious,” so, too, can peace. The goal of peace is more than the absence of conflict and violence; it is recognizing and acting on the worth of self, others and our interconnectedness as humans. Solving problems peacefully has implications for children themselves, but also for the world.

Solving problems peacefully is about creating an atmosphere where violence and aggression are not likely. To resolve conflict means using empathy, problem-solving skills, understanding other points of view and coming up with ways to make things right in a fair way.



8 ACTIONS THAT PROMOTE SOLVING PROBLEMS PEACEFULLY

<p>Strengthen Give your brain a workout.</p>	<p>The part of the brain that is key to reasoning, problem solving, comprehension, impulse-control, creativity and perseverance is the prefrontal cortex. This area is needed when we have to focus and think, mentally play with ideas, use our short-term working memory, and think before reacting in any situation. Things that stimulate this part of the brain include hugs, sports, play, volunteering, gratitude, sleep and juggling!</p>
<p>Teach Teach children basic problem solving steps</p>	<p>Teach children step-by-step strategies to approach conflict or deal with misunderstandings.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. How do you feel? 2. What is the problem? 3. Come up with solutions. 4. What would happen if...? 5. Try the solution.
<p>Identify Name the emotions that come up in conflict.</p>	<p>Include a discussion of feelings and emotions when examining a challenge or conflict. Appreciate that it is ok to have different emotions, and it is important to acknowledge other people's feelings - try walking in their shoes.</p>
<p>Restore Think of ways to restore situations of conflict or hurt.</p>	<p>During relationship challenges, ask how they would handle it differently next time. Brainstorm ways to help restore the situation. Over time, these skills are internalized and they learn to do it for themselves!</p>
<p>Wait Avoid rescuing children from all conflict and offer the support to solve problems on their own.</p>	<p>In times of conflict children have opportunities to learn how to negotiate relationships with others. Problem-solving takes practice so rather than jump in and tell a child or adolescent how they should solve the problem, give them space to generate ideas and guide them through a process of evaluating possible solutions, and to imagine positive outcomes.</p>
<p>Accept Help children see difficulties as learning opportunities rather than failures.</p>	<p>Even when children don't solve problems in ways that align with how they want to be as a person, teach them that they can always 'go back' (e.g., apologize, talk through the situation etc.) and try again in order to resolve problems in a way that leads them to feel better, and achieve higher levels of competence in solving problems.</p>
<p>Support Create caring environments and relationships so that children feel loved and supported.</p>	<p>Being in conflict makes people feel vulnerable. Children who feel safe can more easily trust both others and their own feelings during a problem solving and restorative process.</p>
<p>Observe See and take on other perspectives.</p>	<p>Take advantage of everyday situations, stories in the news, books and other media to help children understand how to take on other people's perspectives.</p>

